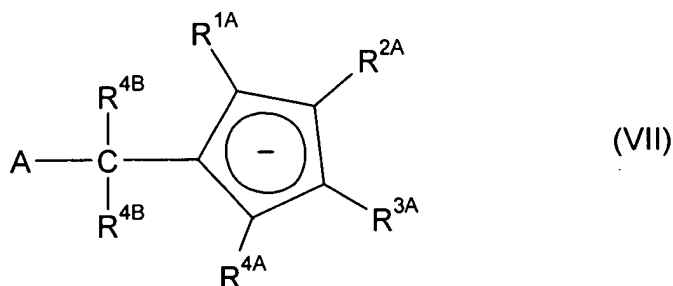




ATTACHMENT A

Claims 1 - 11: (Cancelled)

12. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing cyclopentadienyl system anions of the formula (VII),



where the variables have the following meanings:

R^{1A} - R^{4A} are each, independently of one another,

hydrogen, C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{20} -alkenyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part, NR^{6A}_2 , $N(SiR^{6A}_3)_2$, OR^{6A} , $OSiR^{6A}_3$, or SiR^{6A}_3 , where the organic radicals R^{1A} - R^{4A} may also be substituted by halogens and two vicinal radicals R^{1A} - R^{4A} may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring, and/or two vicinal radicals R^{1A} - R^{4A} are joined to form a heterocycle which contains at least one atom selected from the group consisting of N, P, O and S,

R^{6A} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{20} -alkenyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl, or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two geminal radicals R^{6A} may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

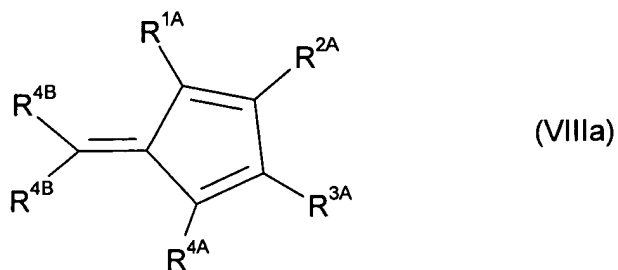
A is an unsubstituted, substituted or fused, heteroaromatic ring system,

R^{4B} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{20} -alkenyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^{3B}_3 , where the organic radicals R^{4B} may also be substituted by halogens and two geminal or vicinal radicals R^{4B} may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring and

R^{3B} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{20} -alkenyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals R^{3B} may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

which comprises the step a) or a'), where,

in step a), an A^- anion is reacted with a fulvene of the formula (VIIIa)



or,

in step a'), an organometallic compound $R^{4B}M^BX^B$, where M^B is a metal of group 1 or 2 of the Periodic Table of the Elements,

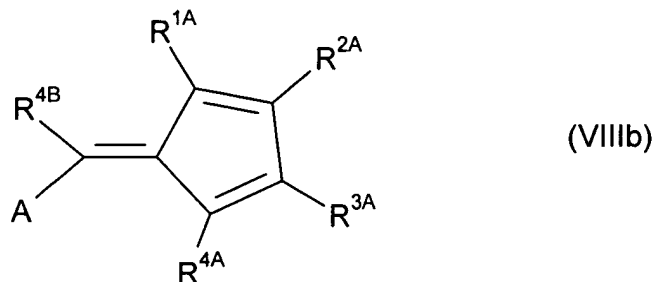
X^B is halogen, C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl, alkoxy having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms in the alkyl radical and/or from

6 to 20 carbon atoms in the aryl radical, or R^{4B}
and

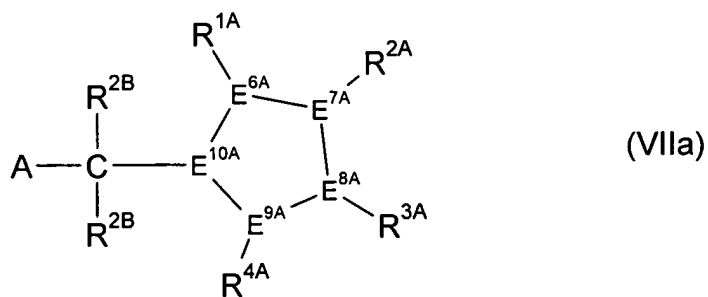
b is 0 when M^B is a metal of group 1 of the Periodic
Table of the Elements and is 1

when M^B is a metal of group 2 of the Periodic
Table of the Elements,

is reacted with a fulvene of the formula (VIIIb):



13. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing
cyclopentadiene systems of the formula (VIIa)



where the variables have the following meanings:

$E^{6A}-E^{10A}$ are each carbon, where in each case four
adjacent $E^{6A}-E^{10A}$ form a conjugated diene system
and the remaining $E^{6A}-E^{10A}$ additionally bears a
hydrogen atom,

$R^{1A}-R^{4A}$ are each, independently of one another,
hydrogen, C_1-C_{20} -alkyl, C_2-C_{20} -alkenyl, C_6-C_{20} -aryl,

alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part, $\text{NR}^{6\text{A}}_2$, $\text{N}(\text{SiR}^{6\text{A}}_3)_2$, $\text{OR}^{6\text{A}}$, $\text{OSiR}^{6\text{A}}_3$, or $\text{SiR}^{6\text{A}}_3$, where the organic radicals $\text{R}^{1\text{A}}\text{-R}^{4\text{A}}$ may also be substituted by halogens and two vicinal radicals $\text{R}^{1\text{A}}\text{-R}^{4\text{A}}$ may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring, and/or two vicinal radicals $\text{R}^{1\text{A}}\text{-R}^{4\text{A}}$ are joined to form a heterocycle which contains at least one atom selected from the group consisting of N, P, O and S,

$\text{R}^{6\text{A}}$ are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{20}\text{-alkenyl}$, $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{20}\text{-aryl}$, or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two geminal radicals $\text{R}^{6\text{A}}$ may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

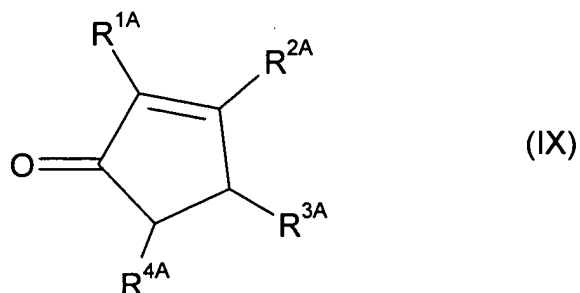
A is an unsubstituted, substituted or fused, heteroaromatic ring system,

$\text{R}^{2\text{B}}$ are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{20}\text{-alkenyl}$, $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{20}\text{-aryl}$, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or $\text{SiR}^{3\text{B}}_3$, where the organic radicals $\text{R}^{2\text{B}}$ may also be substituted by halogens and $\text{R}^{2\text{B}}$ and A may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

$\text{R}^{3\text{B}}$ are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{20}\text{-alkenyl}$, $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{20}\text{-aryl}$ or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals $\text{R}^{3\text{B}}$ may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

which comprises the following step:

a'') reaction of an $A-CR^{2B}R^{2B-}$ anion with a cyclopentenone system of the formula (IX)

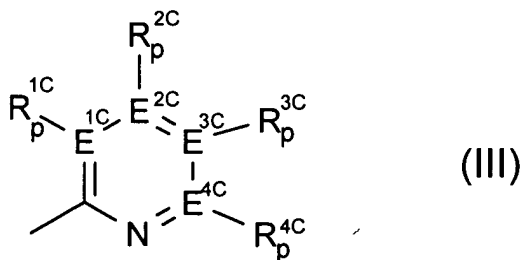


14. (Cancelled)

15. (Cancelled)

16. (New) The process as claimed in claim 12, wherein the negative charge of the A^- anion is on a carbon atom adjacent to a heteroatom.

17. (New) The process as claimed in claim 12, wherein A has the formula (III):



wherein

$E^{1C}-E^{4C}$ are each carbon or nitrogen;

$R^{1C}-R^{4C}$ are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20} -alkyl, C_2-C_{20} -alkenyl, C_6-C_{20} -aryl, alkylaryl comprising from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl

part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part, or $\text{SiR}^{5\text{C}}_3$, wherein $\text{R}^{1\text{C}}-\text{R}^{4\text{C}}$ are optionally substituted by at least one halogen, nitrogen, C_1-C_{20} -alkyl group, C_2-C_{20} -alkenyl group, C_6-C_{20} -aryl group, alkylaryl group comprising from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or $\text{SiR}^{5\text{C}}_3$, and two vicinal $\text{R}^{1\text{C}}-\text{R}^{4\text{C}}$ or $\text{R}^{1\text{C}}$ and Z are optionally joined to form a five- or six-membered ring;

$\text{R}^{5\text{C}}$ are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20} -alkyl, C_2-C_{20} -alkenyl, C_6-C_{20} -aryl or alkylaryl comprising from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part, and two $\text{R}^{5\text{C}}$ are optionally joined to form a five- or six-membered ring; and

p is 0 when $\text{E}^{1\text{C}}-\text{E}^{4\text{C}}$ is nitrogen, and is 1 when $\text{E}^{1\text{C}}-\text{E}^{4\text{C}}$ is carbon.